Frasers Commercial Trust

Proposed Merger with Frasers Logistics & Industrial Trust

11 March 2020
Important notice

Certain statements in this Presentation constitute “forward-looking statements”, including forward-looking financial information. Such forward-looking statement and financial information involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Frasers Commercial Trust ("FCOT") or Frasers Commercial Asset Management Ltd. (the “FCOT Manager”), or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and financial information. Such forward-looking statements and financial information are based on numerous assumptions regarding the FCOT Manager’s present and future business strategies and the environment in which FCOT or the FCOT Manager will operate in the future. Because these statements and financial information reflect the FCOT Manager’s current views concerning future events, these statements and financial information necessarily involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Actual future performance could differ materially from these forward-looking statements and financial information.

The FCOT Manager expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement or financial information contained in this Presentation to reflect any change in the FCOT Manager’s expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement or information is based, subject to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and/or the rules of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") and/or any other regulatory or supervisory body or agency.

The value of units in FCOT (“FCOT Units”) and the income derived from them, if any, may fall or rise. FCOT Units are not obligations of, deposits in, or guaranteed by, the FCOT Manager or any of its affiliates. An investment in FCOT Units is subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of the principal amount invested. Investors should note that they have no right to request the FCOT Manager to redeem their FCOT Units while the FCOT Units are listed. It is intended that Unitholders may only deal in their FCOT Units through trading on the SGX-ST. Listing of the FCOT Units on the SGX-ST does not guarantee a liquid market for the FCOT Units.

This presentation is for information only and does not constitute an invitation or offer to acquire, purchase or subscribe for the FCOT Units. The past performance of FCOT and the FCOT Manager is not necessarily indicative of the future performance of FCOT and the FCOT Manager.

This Presentation contains certain information with respect to the trade sectors of FCOT’s tenants. The FCOT Manager has determined the trade sectors in which FCOT’s tenants are primarily involved based on the FCOT Manager’s general understanding of the business activities conducted by such tenants. The FCOT Manager’s knowledge of the business activities of FCOT’s tenants is necessarily limited and such tenants may conduct business activities that are in addition to, or different from, those shown herein.

This Presentation includes market and industry data and forecasts that have been obtained from internal surveys, reports and studies, where appropriate, as well as market research, publicly available information and industry publications. Industry publications, surveys and forecasts generally state that the information they contain has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but there can be no assurance as to the accuracy or completeness of such included information. While the FCOT Manager has taken reasonable steps to ensure that the information is extracted accurately and in its proper context, the FCOT Manager has not independently verified any of the data from third party sources or ascertained the underlying economic assumptions relied upon therein.

The directors of the FCOT Manager (including those who may have delegated detailed supervision of this Presentation) have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the facts stated and opinions expressed in this Presentation which relate to FCOT and/or the FCOT Manager (excluding information relating to Frasers Logistics & Industrial Trust ("FLT") and/or Frasers Logistics & Industrial Asset Management Pte. Ltd. (the “FLT Manager”)) are fair and accurate and that there are no other material facts not contained in this Presentation, the omission of which would make any statement in this Presentation misleading. The directors of the FCOT Manager jointly and severally accept responsibility accordingly.

Where any information has been extracted or reproduced from published or otherwise publicly available sources or obtained from FLT and/or the FLT Manager, the sole responsibility of the directors of the FCOT Manager has been to ensure through reasonable enquiries that such information is accurately extracted from such sources or, as the case may be, reflected or reproduced in this Presentation. The directors of the FCOT Manager do not accept any responsibility for any information relating to FLT and/or the FLT Manager.

This Presentation has not been reviewed by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.
Transaction Overview

Martin Brower Facility, New South Wales, Australia
What should I know about the Merger?

On 2 December 2019, the managers of Frasers Commercial Trust ("FCOT") and Frasers Logistics & Industrial Trust ("FLT") jointly announced the proposed merger of FCOT and FLT by way of a trust scheme arrangement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Scheme Consideration of S$1.680 per FCOT Unit^{(2)} payable to each FCOT Unitholder will be satisfied via:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>1</strong> Cash Consideration : S$0.151 in cash per FCOT Unit; and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>2</strong> Consideration Units : 1.233 new FLT Units^{(3)} to be issued per FCOT Unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Subject to the completion of the Proposed Merger, FLT will subsequently acquire the remaining 50% interest in Farnborough Business Park ("FBP") through FCOT to hold 100% of the interest in FBP^{(1)}, resulting in the creation of the enlarged REIT (the "Enlarged REIT").

---

1. Acquisition of the remaining 50% interest in FBP is subject to approval to be obtained from FLT Unitholders.
2. On an ex-distributions basis.
3. Issued at an issue price of S$1.240 per FLT Unit.
4. FCOT Permitted Distributions include distributions that are announced, declared, paid or made in the ordinary course of business and in the usual quantum in respect for the period from 1 October 2019 up to the day immediately before the Effective Date.
5. The number of Consideration Units which each FCOT Unitholder will be entitled to pursuant to the Trust Scheme will be rounded down to the nearest whole number, and fractional entitlements shall be disregarded. The aggregate Cash Consideration to be paid to each FCOT Unitholder shall be rounded to the nearest S$0.01.
Tell me more about FLT

Key Portfolio Figures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Netherlands</th>
<th>Germany</th>
<th>Australia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.0%</td>
<td>33.1%</td>
<td>58.9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.3 mil sqm Lettable Area | 93 Properties

100% Occupancy\(^{(2)}\) | 6.2 years WALE\(^{(3)}\)

S$3.3 bil Portfolio Value\(^{(1)}\)

Strong Performance since 2016 IPO

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Portfolio Value (A$ mil)</th>
<th>Distributable Income (A$ mil)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At IPO(^{(4)})</td>
<td>FY17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.585</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+124%</td>
<td>+47%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 Sep 2019</td>
<td>FY19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.554</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

World Leading Green Industrial Portfolio

Selected FLT Assets

- Clifford Hallam Facility, Australia
- Martin Brower Facility, New South Wales, Australia
- Mazda Facility, Victoria, Australia
- Dachser and DSV Facility, Vaihingen, Germany

Strong Performance since 2016 IPO

- Portfolio Value: 1.585 to 3.554 (124% growth)
- Distributable Income: 102 to 150 (47% growth)

Note: Unless otherwise stated, references to FLT’s portfolio in this Presentation are as at 31 December 2019, save that it excludes 610 Heatherton Road, Clayton South, Victoria, Australia which was fully divested in January 2020. Exchange rates of A$1 : S$0.9443 and €1 : S$1.5035 were adopted based on FLT’s 1Q FY2020 results.

\(^{(1)}\) Based on appraised value of FLT portfolio as at 30 September 2019.

\(^{(2)}\) By lettable area.

\(^{(3)}\) Refers to WALE based on GRI, being the contracted rental income and estimated recoverable outgoings for the month of December 2019. Excludes straight lining rental adjustments.

\(^{(4)}\) Based on FLT IPO prospectus dated 10 June 2016.
Tell me more about FLT (cont’d)

Resilient Portfolio - Predominantly freehold assets, with embedded organic growth through fixed annual rental agreements and a well spread out lease expiry profile

Young and Modern Portfolio

Predominantly Freehold Tenure

Stable Organic Growth

3.1% p.a.
average fixed rental increase for Australian properties

94.3%
of leases by GRI with fixed increase or CPI-linked indexation for European properties

No concentration of lease expiry, providing long term cash flow stability

Note: Information from FLT’s 1QFY20 results
(1) Portfolio age by Lettable Area.
(2) Land tenure by portfolio value. Based on appraised value of FLT portfolio as at 30 September 2019.
(3) Based on GRI, being the contracted rental income and estimated recoverable outgoings for the month of December 2019. Excludes straight lining rental adjustments.

 Lease Expiry Profile(3)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>As at December 2019</th>
<th>As at December 2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vacant</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2020</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2021</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2022</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2023</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2024</td>
<td>17.2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2025</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2026</td>
<td>11.9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2027</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2028</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2029 and beyond</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 2029 and beyond</td>
<td>23.2%</td>
<td>22.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Tell me more about FLT (cont’d)

High quality, diversified tenant base underpinned by primary industries including consumer, logistics services, manufacturing and automotives

Portfolio Breakdown\(^1\)

![Graph showing portfolio breakdown]

Top 10 Tenants\(^1\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tenant</th>
<th>% of GRI</th>
<th>WALE (Years)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CEVA Logistics (Australia) Pty Ltd</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMW</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>5.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coles Group Limited</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>12.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Techtronic Industries Australia Pty Limited</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schenker Australia Pty Ltd</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>4.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mainfreight</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td>6.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hermes Germany</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>13.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constellium</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>7.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bakker Logistics</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bosch</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>8.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

High quality tenant base that includes MNCs, listed companies and conglomerates with strong lease terms

Note: Information from FLT’s 1QFY20 results

(1) Based on GRI, being the contracted rental income and estimated recoverable outgoings for the month of December 2019. Excludes straight line rental adjustments.
Tell me more about FLT (cont’d)

FLT has a track record of value creation through asset enhancement initiatives

- 1,219 sq m warehouse expansion with installation of a 773 sq m awning
- Building upgrades and sustainability initiatives including a 125 kilowatt hour ("kWh") solar photovoltaic ("PV") system
  - **Return on AEI: Approximately 10%**
  - Accompanied by 12-year lease extension by the tenant to November 2031
  - Completed in December 2017

- 22,355 sq m warehouse expansion
- 5,489 sq m of the expanded space leased to Johnson Outdoors for a 10-year lease term expiring 30 June 2028
- Additional 5,676 sq m and 11,190 sq m respectively taken up by existing tenants Roman and Hellmann
- Completed in June 2018

- Expansion to existing hardstand area and an upgrade of existing facilities, including an office refurbishment(1)
- Sustainability Upgrades: LED lighting replacements as well as the installation of a 250 kWh solar PV system
  - **Expected return on AEI: Approximately 8%**
  - 10-year lease extension by CHEP Australia to August 2031
  - Completed in September 2019

---

(1) Includes a A$0.8 million (exclusive of GST) acquisition of an adjacent 12,320 sq m freehold site (59A Foxley Court, Derrimut) from Frasers Property Australia.
Tell me more about FLT (cont’d)

Principal Objectives:
- Achieve long-term growth in DPU
- Deliver stable and regular distributions to unitholders

Strategies to support the Principal Objectives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1</th>
<th>Active Asset Management</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Proactive leasing</strong>: Maintain high occupancy rate, long WALE and well-diversified tenant base</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Asset Enhancement</strong>: Assess and undertake AEIs on the FLT portfolio to unlock further value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2</th>
<th>Selective Development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Undertake development activities of properties complementary to the FLT portfolio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Development activities can be up to 10% of the current AUM(^{(1)}) as per MAS guidelines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Re-development of existing assets</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Sponsor’s development pipeline</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3</th>
<th>Acquisition Growth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Pursue strategic acquisition opportunities of quality properties</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>ROFR(^{(2)})</strong> over 22 properties in Europe and 18 properties in Australia from FLT’s Sponsor as at 31 December 2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4</th>
<th>Capital &amp; Risk Management</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Optimise capital mix and prudent capital management</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Information from FLT’s 1QFY20 results

\(^{(1)}\) FLT may exceed the regulatory limit of not more than 10% of the company’s deposited property (subject to maximum of 25%) only if additional allowance of up to 15% of the deposited property is utilised solely for redevelopment of an existing property that has been held for 3 years and continues to be held for 3 years after completion and specific approval of unitholders for redevelopment is obtained.

\(^{(2)}\) Refers to the right of first refusal (“ROFR”) granted by the Sponsor to the FLT Trustee in respect of the completed income-producing real estate assets which are used for logistics or industrial purposes.
Post-Merger, what would the Enlarged REIT look like?

Creation of One of the Largest S-REITs Owning a Flagship Portfolio of Commercial and Industrial Assets

Key Figures of the Enlarged REIT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Portfolio Value</td>
<td>S$5.9 bil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Properties Across 5 Countries</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Committed Occupancy Rate</td>
<td>99.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Space Under Management</td>
<td>2.6 mil sqm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROFR Pipeline</td>
<td>&gt;S$5.0 bil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long WALE</td>
<td>5.7 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality Tenants</td>
<td>326</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pro Forma Leverage</td>
<td>37.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Headroom</td>
<td>S$830 mil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Map of Enlarged REIT’s Portfolio

- United Kingdom: 1 property, S$323 mil
- The Netherlands: 5 properties, S$264 mil
- Germany: 26 properties, S$1,189 mil
- Australia: 65 properties, S$2,826 mil
- Singapore: 2 properties, S$1,257 mil

Note: All references to the portfolio of the Enlarged REIT in this Presentation are as at 31 December 2019 save that it excludes 610 Heatherton Road, Clayton South, Victoria, Australia which was fully divested in January 2020. Exchange rates adopted for the Enlarged REIT are A$1 : S$0.9443; €1 : S$1.5035 and £1 : S$1.7841.

1. Based on book value of the Enlarged REIT as at 31 December 2019 and includes 100% interest in Farnborough Business Park, which is based on the Agreed Property Value at an exchange rate of £1 : S$1.7841.
2. References to the Enlarged REIT’s committed occupancy in this Presentation are based on lettable area (including committed leases).
3. References to Enlarged REIT’s WALE in this Presentation are based on GRI as at 31 December 2019 (including committed leases and excluding vacancy, lease incentives and retail turnover rents, if any).
4. Post-Merger and Proposed Asset Acquisition. Assumes the estimated total cost of the Proposed Asset Acquisition (excluding the acquisition fee) is fully funded by debt.
5. Prior to reaching the 45.0% aggregate leverage regulatory limit and assuming the estimated total cost of the Proposed Asset Acquisition (excluding the acquisition fee) is fully funded by debt.
How would I benefit from the Merger?

Scheme Consideration is at a premium to historical trading prices and NAV per FCOT Unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1.670</th>
<th>1.623</th>
<th>1.630</th>
<th>1.622</th>
<th>1.553</th>
<th>1.465</th>
<th>1.443</th>
<th>1.629</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Last Traded Price(1)</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>14.7%</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-month VWAP</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-month VWAP</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-month VWAP</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-month VWAP</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-year VWAP</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-year VWAP</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAV per FCOT Unit(2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DPU accretive to FCOT Unitholders on a pro forma basis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>9.60</th>
<th>9.84</th>
<th>10.00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FCOT FY19 DPU</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-Merger(3)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-Merger and Proposed Asset Acquisition(3)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: VWAPs are with reference to the relevant period up to and including 27 November 2019, except for the 1-month VWAP. The 1-month VWAP is with reference to the period from 25 October 2019 to 27 November 2019 taking into consideration the public holiday falling on 28 October 2019.

(1) The last traded price per FCOT Unit on 27 November 2019.
(2) As at 30 September 2019.
(3) Please refer to Paragraph 2.4(a) of the Letter to FCOT Unitholders in the Scheme Document dated 14 February 2020 for further details.
How would I benefit from the Merger? (cont’d)

Ability to Provide Synergistic End-to-End Business Solutions for a Wider Customer Base

- **Broadened Investment Mandate:** Comprising CBD Commercial, Office and Business Parks, Logistics and Industrial
- **Synergistic Ecosystem:** Opportunity to create a global customer network
- **Full Spectrum Offering:** Access income streams across the economic value chain

**Flagship Portfolio of Commercial and Industrial Assets**

- **Office and Business Parks** 19.8%
- **Logistics & Industrial** 58.6%
- **CBD Commercial** 21.6%
- **S$5.9 bil Portfolio Value**(1)

**Gain Exposure to Attractive Logistics and Industrial Sectors**(2)

- **Australia**
  - Established footprint in key demographic centres and major logistics & industrial markets
- **Germany**
  - Strategic exposure to the major logistics clusters
- **The Netherlands**
  - Strategic exposure to the major logistics clusters

**Australia**

- **Industrial vacancy near 5-year lows**
  - Across three seaboard cities of Sydney, Melbourne and Brisbane

**Germany**

- **Market remained dynamic**
  - Take-up remained high and market is dynamic

**The Netherlands**

- **Prime yields have firmed up**
  - Yields have firmed to 4.4% and 4.7% respectively in Venlo and Rotterdam over the course of 2019

Sources:
- FLT’s 1QFY20 results.
- Australia: JLL Real Estate Intelligence Service – Industrial Market Snapshot 4Q 2019; Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Data Solution – Industrial Occupier Moves from 1Q10 to 4Q19; JLL Australian Industrial Preliminary Overview 4Q19.

(1) Based on book value of the Enlarged REIT as at 31 December 2019 and includes 100% interest in Farnborough Business Park, which is based on the Agreed Property Value at an exchange rate of £1 : S$1.7841.

(2) Please see Appendix I to this Presentation for more details.
How would I benefit from the Merger? (cont’d)

### Enhanced Portfolio Diversification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value by Geography</th>
<th>Value by Asset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Frasers Commercial Trust</strong></td>
<td><strong>Enlarged REIT</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S$2.3bil</td>
<td>S$5.9bil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore 55.6%</td>
<td>The Netherlands 4.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UK 7.0%</td>
<td>Australia 48.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germany 20.3%</td>
<td>Singapore 21.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia 37.4%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** As at 31 December 2019. References to FCOT’s portfolio metrics in this Presentation are as per reported 1QFY20 results

1. FCOT’s portfolio value based on exchange rates of A$1 : S$0.9443 and £1 : S$1.7841 as per FCOT’s 1QFY20 reported results.
2. Based on book value of the Enlarged REIT as at 31 December 2019 and includes 100% interest in Farnborough Business Park, which is based on the Agreed Property Value at an exchange rate of £1 : S$1.7841.
3. 18, 20 & 22 Cross Street at China Street Central had been renamed as “Cross Street Exchange” with effect from 1 January 2020.
4. Based on GRI as at 31 December 2019 (excluding vacancy, committed leases, lease incentives and retail turnover rents, if any).

### Increased Portfolio Resilience

- **Occupancy:** 95.2% → 99.5%
- **WALE:** 4.7 years → 5.7 years
- % contribution of top 10 tenants by GRI: 50.4% → 23.4%
- % of leases expiring FY24 and beyond: 47.0% → 60.9%

**Note:**

- 2.8% weighted average fixed increase for FCOT Portfolio
- 3.1% p.a. average fixed rental increase for Australian properties
- 51.8% of leases by GRI with fixed increase or CPI-linked indexation for European properties
- 94.3% of portfolio GRI in FY2020

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FCOT Portfolio</th>
<th>FLT Portfolio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>3.1% p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>weighted average fixed increase for Australian properties</td>
<td>average fixed rental increase for European properties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51.8% of leases by GRI with fixed increase or CPI-linked indexation</td>
<td>94.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How would I benefit from the Merger? (cont’d)

Potential for Enlarged REIT to be amongst the Top-10 Largest S-REITs by Market Capitalisation

S-REIT Ranking by Market Capitalisation (S$ bil)(1)

Source: Bloomberg as at the Last Practicable Date

(1) The chart only includes S-REITs with primary listing on the SGX-ST and market capitalisation of at least S$1.0 billion.

(2) Illustrative market capitalisation of the Enlarged REIT calculated as (i) the sum of (a) the number of FLT Units outstanding as at the Latest Practicable Date; (b) the number of FLT Units to be issued to satisfy the portion of Scheme Consideration in FLT Units; (c) the number of FLT Units to be issued as consideration for the acquisition fee for the Merger; and (d) the number of FLT Units to be issued as consideration for the acquisition fee for the Proposed Asset Acquisition, and (ii) multiplied by the issue price of S$1.240 per FLT Unit.
How would I benefit from the Merger? (cont’d)

The Enlarged REIT is Expected to be Amongst the Top-10 Largest S-REITs by Free Float

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Free Float Rank</th>
<th>Free Float (S$ bil)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#21</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7</td>
<td>3.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Free float increase by c.2.9x

- Significant increase in market capitalisation and free float
- Index inclusion: The Merger would allow FCOT to leverage on FLT’s inclusion in the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Index
- Potential higher liquidity
- Wider investor base
- Potential broader analyst coverage

Source: Bloomberg as at the Last Practicable Date

(1) Excludes the stakes held by the Sponsor, the FLT Manager, the FCOT Manager, directors and chief executive officers of the FLT Manager and the FCOT Manager, substantial FLT Unitholders and substantial FCOT Unitholders and their respective associates based on information available to the FLT Manager and the FCOT Manager as at the Latest Practicable Date. FCOT’s free float of S$1.1 billion is computed based on FCOT’s free float units as at the Latest Practicable Date of 679.0 million FCOT Units multiplied by FCOT’s Last Traded Price of S$1.67. The Enlarged REIT’s free float of S$3.3 billion (post-Merger and Proposed Asset Acquisition) is computed based on 2.7 billion free float units multiplied by the issue price of S$1.240 per unit.
How would I benefit from the Merger? (cont’d)

Enlarged capital base provides enhanced flexibility and ability to drive long term growth

- **Increased Capital Base** – Able to undertake larger transactions
- **Enhanced Agility** – Able to react quicker to potential investments
- **Increased Flexibility** to undertake AEI(1) and development projects on a larger scale

Enlarged Debt Headroom(2) (S$ mil)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Post-Merger and Proposed Asset Acquisition(4)</th>
<th>Post-Merger and Proposed Asset Acquisition(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>FRASERS COMMERCIAL TRUST</strong></td>
<td><strong>FRASERS COMMERCIAL TRUST</strong></td>
<td><strong>FRASERS COMMERCIAL TRUST</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gearing</strong> 29.0%</td>
<td>35.7%</td>
<td>37.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(S$ mil)</strong></td>
<td><strong>(S$ mil)</strong></td>
<td><strong>(S$ mil)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>666</td>
<td>983</td>
<td>830</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AEI and Development Headroom(3) (S$ mil)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Post-Merger</th>
<th>Post-Merger</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>(S$ mil)</strong></td>
<td><strong>(S$ mil)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>229</td>
<td>586</td>
<td>601</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Combined ROFR pipeline in excess of S$5.0 billion(6)(7)

**Commercial, Office and Business Parks**

- Winnersh Triangle
- Chineham Park
- Watchmoor Park
- Maxis Park
- Bedfont Lakes
- Alexandra Point
- Valley Point
- 51 Cuppage Road
- 50% of Frasers Tower
- Rhodes Corporate Park

**Logistics & Industrial**

- 75-79 Canterbury Road, Braeside
- 58-76 Naxos Road, Keysborough
- 25-39 Australand Drive, Berrinba
- Hazeldonk 6801, Breda
- Hillington Park, Glasgow
- Rheindeichstraße 155, Duisburg

Note: As at 31 December 2019 at an exchange rate of A$1 : S$0.9443

1. Asset Enhancement Initiatives (“AEI”).
2. Prior to reaching the 45.0% aggregate leverage under the Property Funds Appendix limit.
3. Based on 10% of Deposited Property.
4. Assumes the estimated total cost of the Proposed Asset Acquisition (excluding the acquisition fee) is fully funded by debt.
5. Based on 100% interest in the Target Property at the Agreed Property Value at an exchange rate of £1 : S$1.7841.
6. As at 31 December 2019. Includes Bedfont Lakes Business Park in London, the United Kingdom which was acquired by the Sponsor on 23 January 2020.
7. Please see Appendix II to this presentation for more details.
## How would I benefit from the Merger? (cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1</th>
<th>PREMIUM TO HISTORICAL TRADING PRICES AND DPU ACCRETIVE</th>
<th>8.2% premium over 12-month VWAP(^{(1)}) and 4.2% DPU accretion(^{(2)})</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>FLAGSHIP PORTFOLIO OF COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSETS</td>
<td>S$5.9 billion portfolio value with 99 properties across 5 countries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Offer end-to-end business solutions to enhance customer retention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Attractive industrial and logistics sector dynamics in Australia, Germany and the Netherlands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>CREATION OF A TOP-10 S-REIT WITH INDEX INCLUSION</td>
<td>Potential to be amongst the Top-10 largest S-REITs by market capitalisation and free float</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>ENHANCED DIVERSIFICATION AND PORTFOLIO RESILIENCE</td>
<td>326 quality tenants with 99.5% committed occupancy and WALE of 5.7 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>GROWTH TRAJECTORY FROM ENLARGED CAPITAL BASE AND ROFR PIPELINE</td>
<td>S$830 million debt headroom(^{(3)}) and ROFR pipeline in excess of S$5.0 billion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

\(^{(1)}\) Up to and including 27 November 2019.

\(^{(2)}\) Pro forma DPU accretion post-Merger and Proposed Asset Acquisition. Please refer to paragraph 2.4(a) of the Letter to FCOT Unitholders in the Scheme Document dated 14 February 2020 for further details.

\(^{(3)}\) Prior to reaching the 45.0% aggregate leverage regulatory limit and assuming the Proposed Asset Acquisition (excluding the acquisition fee) was fully funded by debt.
What does the Independent Financial Adviser Recommend?

Opinion of the FCOT IFA

"Based upon, and subject to the foregoing, we are of opinion that as of the IFA Reference Date, from a financial point of view, the Scheme Consideration is FAIR and REASONABLE.

Accordingly, we advise the FCOT Independent Directors to recommend FCOT Unitholders to VOTE IN FAVOUR of the Trust Scheme.

Evercore
FCOT IFA"
What do the FCOT Directors and the FCOT Independent Directors Recommend?

**FCOT Trust Deed Amendments Resolution: Recommendation of the FCOT Directors**

Having regard to the above and the rationale for the FCOT Trust Deed Amendments as set out in Paragraph 2.4 of the Letter to FCOT Unitholders, the FCOT Directors are of the opinion that the FCOT Trust Deed Amendments would be beneficial to, and be in the interests of FCOT.

Accordingly, the FCOT Directors recommend that FCOT Unitholders **VOTE IN FAVOUR** of the FCOT Trust Deed Amendments Resolution at the Extraordinary General Meeting.

**Trust Scheme Resolution: Recommendation of the FCOT Independent Directors**

Further, the FCOT Independent Directors, having considered carefully the terms of the Trust Scheme, the advice given by the FCOT IFA in the FCOT IFA Letter and having taken into account the various factors set out in the FCOT IFA Letter (an extract of which is set out in Paragraph 16.2 of the Letter to FCOT Unitholders), including the FCOT Independent Audit Opinion, recommend that FCOT Unitholders **VOTE IN FAVOUR** of the Trust Scheme at the Trust Scheme Meeting.

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT YOU READ THE ABOVE EXTRACTS TOGETHER WITH AND IN THE CONTEXT OF THE LETTER TO FCOT UNITHOLDERS AND THE FCOT IFA LETTER, WHICH CAN BE FOUND ON PAGES 20 TO 84 AND APPENDIX A OF THE SCHEME DOCUMENT DATED 14 FEBRUARY 2020 RESPECTIVELY. YOU ARE ADVISED AGAINST RELYING SOLELY ON THESE EXTRACTS, WHICH ARE ONLY MEANT TO DRAW ATTENTION TO THE OPINION OF THE FCOT IFA AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE FCOT DIRECTORS AND THE FCOT INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS.
# Indicative Timeline for the Proposed Merger

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Event</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Extraordinary General Meeting</strong></td>
<td>• 8 March 2020, 2.30 p.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The FCOT Trust Deed Amendments</td>
<td>• 11 March 2020, 2.30 p.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trust Scheme Meeting</strong>(1)</td>
<td>• 8 March 2020, 3.30 p.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Merger of FLT and FCOT by way of a Trust Scheme of Arrangement</td>
<td>• 11 March 2020, 3.30 p.m. (or as soon thereafter following the conclusion or adjournment of the Extraordinary General Meeting to be held, whichever is later)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected date of Court Hearing of the application to sanction the Trust Scheme</td>
<td>• 25 March 2020(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected last day of trading of the FCOT Units</td>
<td>• 31 March 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected Effective Date</td>
<td>• 3 April 2020(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected date for the payment of Cash Consideration and the allotment and issuance of the Consideration Units</td>
<td>• 15 April 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected date for the delisting of FCOT</td>
<td>• 20 April 2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

You should note that save for the last date and time for the lodgement of the Proxy Form (EGM) and the Proxy Form (Trust Scheme Meeting) and the date, time and place of each of the Extraordinary General Meeting and the Trust Scheme Meeting, the above timetable is indicative only and may be subject to change. For the events listed above which are described as “expected”, please refer to future announcement(s) by FCOT for the exact dates of these events.

(1) The Trust Scheme Meeting will only be convened if the FCOT Trust Deed Amendments Resolution is passed by way of an Extraordinary Resolution at the Extraordinary General Meeting.

(2) The date of the Court hearing of the application to sanction the Trust Scheme will depend on the date that is allocated by the Court.

(3) If each of the Scheme Conditions is satisfied or, as the case may be, has been waived in accordance with the Implementation Agreement, the Trust Scheme will come into effect within 25 Business Days from the date that the last of the Scheme Conditions set out in Paragraphs 2.10(a)(i) (Amendments to FCOT Trust Deed), (ii) (Trust Scheme), (iii) (Court Approval for the Trust Scheme), (iv) (Regulatory Approvals), (v) (Approval from FLT Unitholders), (vi) (Authorisations and Consents) and (xii) (Third Parties) of the Letter to the FCOT Unitholders in the Scheme Document dated 14 February 2020 has been satisfied or waived.
FCOT Unitholders’ Approvals Required

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>FCOT Trust Deed Amendments Resolution (Extraordinary Resolution)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• More than 75% of the total number of votes cast(^1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trust Scheme Resolution</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• More than 50% approval by headcount representing at least 75% in value(^1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• FLT and persons acting in concert with it will abstain from voting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Trust Scheme Resolution is conditional on the Extraordinary Resolution.

\(^1\) Based on the FCOT Units held by FCOT Unitholders present and voting either in person or by proxy at the EGM or Trust Scheme Meeting (as the case may be).
Investor and Media Contact

Investor Contact

Sole Financial Adviser to the FCOT Manager
DBS Bank Ltd.
Telephone: +65 6682 8999

Media Contact

Newgate Communications
Terence Foo / Lim Yuan See / Bob Ong
Telephone: +65 6532 0606
Email: terence.foo@newgatecomms.com.sg / yuansee.lim@newgatecomms.com.sg / bob.ong@newgatecomms.com.sg
Australia, Germany and the Netherlands Industrial and Logistics Markets

Appendix I
Australia – Economic Snapshot

- **GDP Growth:** +1.7% for the 12-months ended 30 September 2019, supported by a rebound in the residential property market, high levels of infrastructure spending, as well as an improved outlook for the resources sector.

- **Unemployment rate:** Steady at 5.1% in December 2019.

- **Inflation Rate/Australian Dollar:** Consumer Price Index rose 1.8% over the 12-months to the December 2019 quarter. The Australian Dollar continues to trade near historical lows amid ongoing virus fears.

- **Official Interest Rates:** The official cash rate has remained flat at 0.75% since October 2019. This easing of monetary policy is expected to support employment and income growth over the next 12 months.

- **Australian government 10-year bond yield:** 1.10% as of 23 January 2020.

National take-up levels over the 12 months to 31 December 2019 were 2.0 million sq m, compared to the 10-year average of 2.2 million sq m. Melbourne is Australia’s top performing industrial market in term of lease activity, accounting for approximately 39% of total Australian take-up over the past 12 months. Melbourne’s continued strength has been supported by strong economic fundamentals, population growth and rental affordability.

New industrial supply over the previous 12 months approximately 1.1 million sq m of new stock was completed. This is 20% below the 10-year average of 1.4 million sq m. Sydney continues to lead the development market, accounting for 44% of new completions.

As national take-up levels continue to exceeded new completions, vacancy levels remain near 5-year lows across the three eastern seaboard capital cities of Sydney, Melbourne and Brisbane. However, there is a significant pipeline of new stock being developed on a speculative basis which is expected to be completed in the next 12 months.

A shortage of developable land and the expansion of development activity continue to place upward pressure on land values.

Investor demand for industrial space has continued with further yield compression compared to the third quarter of 2019. It is expected that yields will begin to stabilise over the next 12 months as the investment cycle approaches its peak.

Sources: JLL Real Estate Intelligence Service – Industrial Market Snapshot 4Q 2019; Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Data Solution – Industrial Occupier Moves from 1Q10 to 4Q19; JLL Australian Industrial Preliminary Overview 4Q19
Sydney Industrial Market

- **Supply**: Development activity in Sydney was slightly below the 10-year average, with 476,538 sq m of new stock being added to the market over the last 12 months. New construction continues to be concentrated in the Outer Central Western precinct. The largest completion during the quarter was a 31,457 sq m facility leased to DHL in Kemps Creek

- **Demand**: 4Q 2019 industrial space take-up was 59,444 sq m, bringing total 2019 leasing demand to approximately 515,000 sq m. The largest transaction was a 12,451 sqm lease to United Steel in Riverstone

- **Rents**: The strong recent demand has translated to an average y-o-y rental growth of 2.4% across all precincts. The Outer Central West continues to be one of the strongest performing precincts at A$123/sq m. Incentives in Sydney continue to remain relatively low at 8.0% for prime industrial assets

- **Vacancy**: As at October 2019 the level of available industrial space currently sits at approximately 412,988 sq m and remains near historic 5-year lows. However, Sydney Industrial vacancy is expected to increase over the next 12 months as new speculative stock is completed.

---

**Sydney Industrial Total Supply**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Completed*  
*10 year annual average*

**Sydney Industrial Prime Grade Net Face Rents**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prime grade net rent $/sq m p.a.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$109</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sources: Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Intelligence Service – Sydney Industrial Final Data 4Q19; Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Intelligence Service – Sydney Industrial Snapshot 4Q19; Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Data Solution – Sydney Construction Projects from Q1 2010 to 4Q2019; Knight Frank Research – Sydney Industrial Vacancy October 2019.
Melbourne Industrial Market

**Supply:** Supply levels in Melbourne are below the long-term average with only 260,758 sq m completed during the 12 months to December 2019. The largest development to reach completion during the quarter was a 42,770 sq m industrial facility occupied by Visy at 27 Doriemus Drive, Truganina which was developed by Frasers Property Industrial.

**Demand:** Take-up levels remain above the long-term average with 166,371 sq m of space leased in 4Q 2019. In the 12 months to 30 September 2019 approximately 860,000 sq m of industrial space was taken up which is 31% higher than the 10-year average. This continued strength reflects the overall strength of the Victorian economy and competitive pricing, including incentives, to attract occupiers. Occupier demand continues to be driven primarily by eCommerce and retail trades.

**Rents:** Prime face rents have recorded a steady y-o-y growth of 1.3% across all precincts (except for City Fringe, which was stable). Incentives have been at elevated levels as landlords compete against developers to attract tenants to backfill space.

**Vacancy:** According to Knight Frank, vacancy in Melbourne remains near historic 5-year lows with a total of 670,259 sq m of vacant space available.

---

![Graph of Melbourne Industrial Total Supply](image1)

**Melbourne Industrial Total Supply**

- SQM (1000s) of industrial space supplied in each quarter from 2010 to 2019.
- Completed: Bars indicating the amount of space completed each quarter.
- 10 year annual average: Line showing the average supply each quarter over the past 10 years.

![Graph of Melbourne Industrial Prime Grade Net Face Rents](image2)

**Melbourne Industrial Prime Grade Net Face Rents**

- Prime grade net face rent (in $psm p.a.) from 2009 to 2019.
- Data points for each quarter from 2009 to 2019.

---

Sources: Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Intelligence Service – Melbourne Industrial Final Data 4Q19; Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Intelligence Service – Melbourne Industrial Snapshot 4Q19; Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Data Solution – Melbourne Construction Projects from 1Q10 to 4Q19; Knight Frank Research – Melbourne Industrial Vacancy October 2019.
Brisbane Industrial Market

- **Supply:** Development in Brisbane remains below the long-term average with only 40,192 sq m of new stock being completed in 4Q 2019. Over the previous 12 months there has been a total of 220,667 sq m of new stock added to the market. New development is concentrated primarily in the Southern and Trade Coast precincts. The largest development completed this quarter was the 31,000 sq m Australia Post facility at Redbank.

- **Demand:** Net absorption of industrial space weakened with 61,487 sq m being leased in 4Q 2019. Over the last 12 months approximately 437,000 sq m of space was leased in Brisbane (4% below the 10-year average). The largest transaction during the quarter was the 9,797 sq m lease to TCK Alliance at 10 Siltstone Place, Berrinba (This is a FLT property).

- **Rents:** Despite weakening demand Brisbane has experienced modest rental growth of 2.3% across all precincts over the 12 months to 31 December 2019. Over the past 12 months the Northern Precinct recorded the strongest growth of 4.3%.

- **Vacancy:** According to Knight Frank vacancies in the Brisbane market increases by 2.8% in the 12 months to October 2019. Total vacancies in the Brisbane industrial market are estimated to be approximately 472,543 sq m.

**Brisbane Industrial Total Supply**

**Brisbane Industrial Prime Grade Net Face Rents**

*Sources: Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Intelligence Service – Brisbane Industrial Final Data 4Q19; Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Intelligence Service – Brisbane Industrial Snapshot 4Q19; Jones Lang LaSalle Real Estate Data Solution – Brisbane Construction Projects from 1Q10 to 4Q19; Knight Frank Research – Brisbane Industrial Vacancy October 2019*
Economic Snapshot – Europe

Germany
- **GDP Growth:** +0.5% for the 12-months ended 30 September 2019, mainly supported by household and government consumption expenditure
- **Inflation Rate:** +1.4% annual average for 2019
- **Unemployment Rate:** Low at 3.1% in November 2019, being the second lowest unemployment rate within the EU, which provides support even as ongoing US-China trade tensions and Brexit continue impact on economic growth

The Netherlands
- **GDP Growth:** +1.9% for the 12-months ended 30 September 2019, underpinned by increased trade balance and government consumption
- **Consumer Price Index:** 1.6% annual average for 2019
- **Unemployment Rate:** Low at 3.2% in December 2019

EURIBOR
- EURIBOR remained in the negative range

Source: Destatisches Bundesamt (Federal Statistics Office of Germany), CBS (Statistics Netherlands), Bloomberg, Reuters, Economist Intelligence Unit
Industrial Markets Overview Germany and the Netherlands

Germany
Take-up and Prime Rent (for warehouse >5,000 sq m)

- Take-up in Germany remained high albeit lower in some of the main hubs due to a lack of modern space
- Overall, the market remained dynamic as many companies have been shifting to smaller locations outside the traditional hubs, where there is still sufficient supply
- The prime rent in Berlin recorded the highest value in Germany stabilising at €86/sq m/year
- Despite a lack of investment stock, the logistics investment market continues to be strong. Total transaction volumes have increased by 5% to €7.5 billion compared to 2018
- Yields have firmed to 3.7% in the major logistics hubs (-35bps compared to 2018), which is the lowest yield recorded in Europe

The Netherlands
Take-up and Prime Rent (for warehouse >5,000 sq m)

- Business confidence has been boosted by domestic demand and industrial output over the past two years
- All of the major occupier markets have recorded healthy transaction volumes
- Prime rents in Venlo increased to €52/sqm/year
- Industrial and logistics investment accounted for 26% of total commercial real estate investment over the past 12 months in the Netherlands
- Prime yields have firmed to 4.4% and 4.7% respectively in Venlo and Rotterdam over the course of 2019

Source: BNP Paribas Real Estate International Research, January 2020
Enlarged ROFR pipeline from Sponsor

Appendix II
Enlarged ROFR pipeline from Sponsor

ROFR pipeline in excess of S$5.0 bil

Breakdown by Sector by Lettable Area

- CBD Commercial 5.3%
- Office and Business Parks 31.7%
- Logistics & Industrial 63.0%

1.9 mil sqm Lettable Area

Breakdown by Region by Lettable Area

- Australia 29.8%
- Singapore 6.7%
- Germany 20.8%
- The Netherlands 0.7%
- Others 16.3%

1.9 mil sqm Lettable Area

Note: As at 31 December 2019. Includes the acquisition of Lakeshore, Bedfont Lakes Business Park in London, United Kingdom which was acquired by the Sponsor on 23 January 2020.
Experience matters.